

Package ‘broomExtra’

April 2, 2022

Type Package

Title Enhancements for 'broom' and 'easystats' Package Families

Version 4.3.2

Maintainer Indrajeet Patil <patilindrajeet.science@gmail.com>

Description Provides helper functions that assist in data analysis workflows involving regression analyses. The goal is to combine the functionality offered by different set of packages ('broom', 'broom.mixed', 'parameters', and 'performance') through a common syntax to return tidy dataframes containing model parameters and performance measure summaries. The 'grouped_' variants of the generics provides a convenient way to execute functions across a combination of grouping variable(s) in a dataframe.

License GPL-3 | file LICENSE

URL <https://indrajeetpatil.github.io/broomExtra/>,
<https://github.com/IndrajeetPatil/broomExtra>

BugReports <https://github.com/IndrajeetPatil/broomExtra/issues>

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

Imports broom, broom.mixed (>= 0.2.9.3), dplyr, magrittr, parameters (>= 0.17.0), performance (>= 0.9.0), rlang

Suggests generics, lavaan, lme4, MASS, rmarkdown, spelling, testthat

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Config/testthat/edition 3

NeedsCompilation no

Author Indrajeet Patil [aut, cre, cph]
(<<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1995-6531>>, @patilindrajeets)

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-04-02 12:50:02 UTC

R topics documented:

augment	2
glance	3
glance_performance	3
grouped_augment	4
grouped_glance	5
grouped_tidy	6
tidy	7
tidy_parameters	7
Index	9

augment	<i>Retrieve augmented dataframe if it exists.</i>
---------	---

Description

Checks if a `augment` method exists for a given object, either in `{broom}` or in `{broom.mixed}`. If it does, return the model summary dataframe, if not, return a `NULL`.

Usage

```
augment(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Model object or other R object with information to append to observations.
<code>...</code>	Addition arguments to <code>augment</code> method.

Value

A `tibble::tibble()` with information about data points.

See Also

[grouped_augment](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
lm.mod <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Species, iris)
broomExtra::augment(lm.mod)
```

glance	<i>Retrieve model summary dataframe if it exists.</i>
--------	---

Description

Checks if a glance method exists for a given object, either in {broom} or in {broom.mixed}. If it does, return the model summary dataframe, if not, return a NULL. In this case, you can try the [glance_performance\(\)](#) function.

Usage

```
glance(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	model or other R object to convert to single-row data frame
...	other arguments passed to methods

See Also

[grouped_glance](#), [glance_performance](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
lm.mod <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Species, iris)
broomExtra::glance(lm.mod)
```

glance_performance	<i>Model performance summary dataframes using {broom} and {easystats}</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Computes indices of model performance for regression models.

Usage

```
glance_performance(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	model or other R object to convert to single-row data frame
...	other arguments passed to methods

Details

The function will attempt to get these details either using `broom::glance()` or `performance::model_performance()`. If both function provide model performance measure summaries, the function will try to combine them into a single dataframe. Measures for which these two packages have different naming conventions, both will be retained.

Value

A data frame (with one row) and one column per "index".

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
mod <- lm(mpg ~ wt + cyl, data = mtcars)
broomExtra::glance_performance(mod)
```

grouped_augment	<i>Grouped augment</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Augmented data from grouped analysis of any function that has data argument in its function call.

Usage

```
grouped_augment(data, grouping.vars, ..f, ..., augment.args = list())
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataframe (or tibble) from which variables are to be taken.
<code>grouping.vars</code>	Grouping variables.
<code>..f</code>	A function, or function name as a string.
<code>...</code>	<dynamic> Arguments for <code>..fn</code> .
<code>augment.args</code>	A list of arguments to be used in the relevant S3 method.

Value

A `tibble::tibble()` with information about data points.

See Also

[augment](#)

Examples

```

set.seed(123)
library(dplyr)

# linear mixed effects model
grouped_augment(
  data = mutate(MASS::Aids2, interval = death - diag),
  grouping.vars = sex,
  ..f = lme4::lmer,
  formula = interval ~ age + (1 | status),
  control = lme4::lmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa")
)

```

grouped_glance	<i>Grouped model summary</i>
----------------	------------------------------

Description

Model summary output from grouped analysis of any function that has `data` argument in its function call.

Usage

```
grouped_glance(data, grouping.vars, ..f, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataframe (or tibble) from which variables are to be taken.
<code>grouping.vars</code>	Grouping variables.
<code>..f</code>	A function, or function name as a string.
<code>...</code>	<dynamic> Arguments for <code>.fn</code> .

See Also

[glance](#)

Examples

```

set.seed(123)
library(dplyr)

# linear mixed effects model
grouped_glance(
  data = mutate(MASS::Aids2, interval = death - diag),
  grouping.vars = sex,
  ..f = lme4::lmer,
  formula = interval ~ age + (1 | status),
  control = lme4::lmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa")
)

```

`grouped_tidy`*Grouped tidy analysis*

Description

Tidy output from grouped analysis of any function that has data argument in its function call

Usage

```
grouped_tidy(data, grouping.vars, ..f, ..., tidy.args = list())
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataframe (or tibble) from which variables are to be taken.
<code>grouping.vars</code>	Grouping variables.
<code>..f</code>	A function, or function name as a string.
<code>...</code>	<dynamic> Arguments for <code>.fn</code> .
<code>tidy.args</code>	A list of arguments to be used in the relevant S3 method.

Value

A `tibble::tibble()` with information about model components.

See Also

[tidy](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
library(dplyr)

# linear mixed effects model
grouped_tidy(
  data = mutate(MASS::Aids2, interval = death - diag),
  grouping.vars = sex,
  ..f = lme4::lmer,
  formula = interval ~ age + (1 | status),
  control = lme4::lmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa"),
  tidy.args = list(conf.int = TRUE, conf.level = 0.99)
)
```

tidy	<i>Retrieve tidy dataframe if it exists</i>
------	---

Description

Checks if a tidy method exists for a given object, either in {broom} or in {broom.mixed}. If it does, it turn an object into a tidy tibble, if not, return a NULL. In this case, you can try the [tidy_parameters\(\)](#) function.

Usage

```
tidy(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object to be converted into a tidy tibble::tibble() .
...	Additional arguments to tidying method.

Value

A [tibble::tibble\(\)](#) with information about model components.

See Also

[grouped_tidy](#), [tidy_parameters](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
lm.mod <- lm(Sepal.Length ~ Species, iris)
broomExtra::tidy(x = lm.mod, conf.int = TRUE)
```

tidy_parameters	<i>Tidy dataframes of model parameters using {broom} and {easystats}</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Computes parameters for regression models.

Usage

```
tidy_parameters(x, conf.int = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object to be converted into a tidy <code>tibble::tibble()</code> .
<code>conf.int</code>	Indicating whether or not to include a confidence interval in the tidied output (defaults to TRUE).
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments that will be passed to <code>parameters::model_parameters()</code> or <code>broom::tidy()</code> , whichever method works. Note that you should pay attention to different naming conventions across these packages. For example, the required confidence interval width is specified using <code>ci</code> argument in <code>parameters::model_parameters</code> , while using <code>conf.level</code> in <code>broom::tidy</code> .

Details

The function will attempt to get these details first using `parameters::model_parameters()`, and if this fails, then using `broom::tidy()`.

Value

A data frame of indices related to the model's parameters.

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
mod <- lm(mpg ~ wt + cyl, data = mtcars)
broomExtra::tidy_parameters(mod)
```


Index

augment, 2, 4

broom::glance(), 4

broom::tidy(), 8

dynamic, 4–6

glance, 3, 5

glance_performance, 3, 3

glance_performance(), 3

grouped_augment, 2, 4

grouped_glance, 3, 5

grouped_tidy, 6, 7

parameters::model_parameters(), 8

performance::model_performance(), 4

tibble::tibble(), 2, 4, 6–8

tidy, 6, 7

tidy_parameters, 7, 7

tidy_parameters(), 7